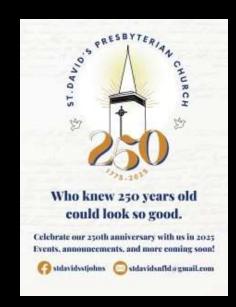


Presentation

Welcome Rev. David Sturtevant
Part 1 Stephen Bruneau
Part 2 Glenn Barnes

Artifacts Janet Calver



St. David's Presbyterian Church 98 Elizabeth Avenue St. John's, NL A1B 1R8

Church Office: (709) 722-2382

stdavids@nfld.com

Welcome and Introduction

Rev David Sturtevant

The rich history of the Congregation of St David's Presbyterian Church provided many ideas for the congregation when it came to planning the 250th anniversary celebration:

- A Banquet (of course)
- Big food drives, public lunches, art exhibit and sale
- Special Church Services (perhaps including re-enactments!)
- Literary and archival projects
- New church programs, infrastructure . . . And
- Special events like this. . .

I am privileged to have the

Presentation Contents

Welcome

Rev David Sturtevant

Part 1 The "Dissenters Path" Map Project

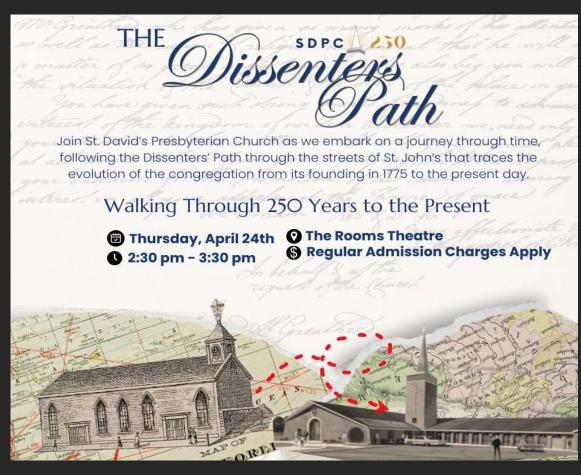
Stephen Bruneau

Part 2 The "Religious Society" 1775-2025

Glenn Barnes

Artifacts Cup, Journal, Model

Janet Calvei



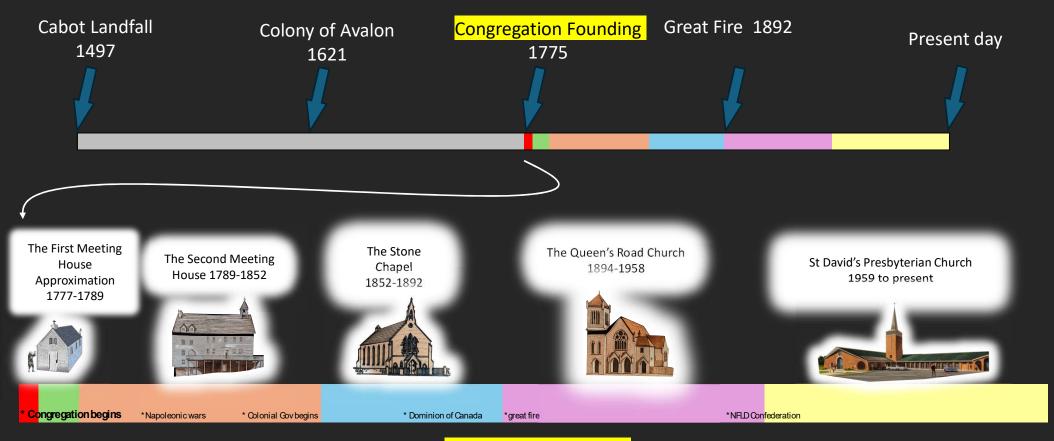
St. David's Presbyterian Church 98 Elizabeth Avenue St. John's, NI A1B 1R8 Church Office: (709) 722-2382 stdavids@nfld.com ... about the Congregational Church of Newfoundland:

"It is a story of courage and perseverance for it tells of a congregation seldom numbering more than 100 families who, with little outside help, withstood persecution, fire, depression and emigration to witness to the faith of their fathers.

To understand a particular congregation is also to know something of the colourful history of this ancient Island and it is our hope that we have added something to the sum of knowledge of Newfoundland's stormy and exciting past."

*Ref. The Dissenting Church of Christ at St John's, 1975

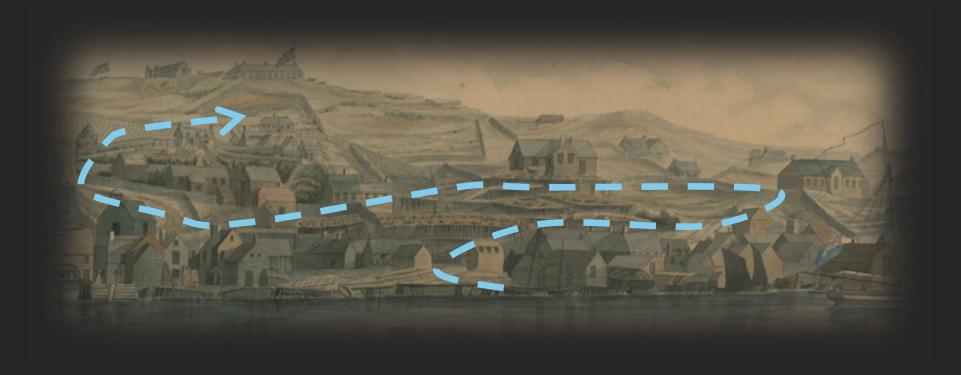
Historical Context of the Congregation in St John's Newfoundland



Congregation Timeline
1775 - 2025

A suggestion was made to consider an interpreted *walk/tour* touching the important landmarks in our congregational history.

... thus, the "Dissenters Path" project began. . .



The Interpreted Walk "Dissenters Path"

The interpreted walk concept was ultimately developed into two things:

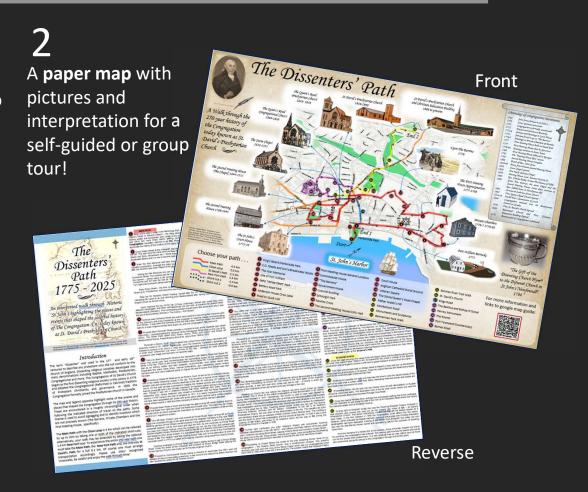
1

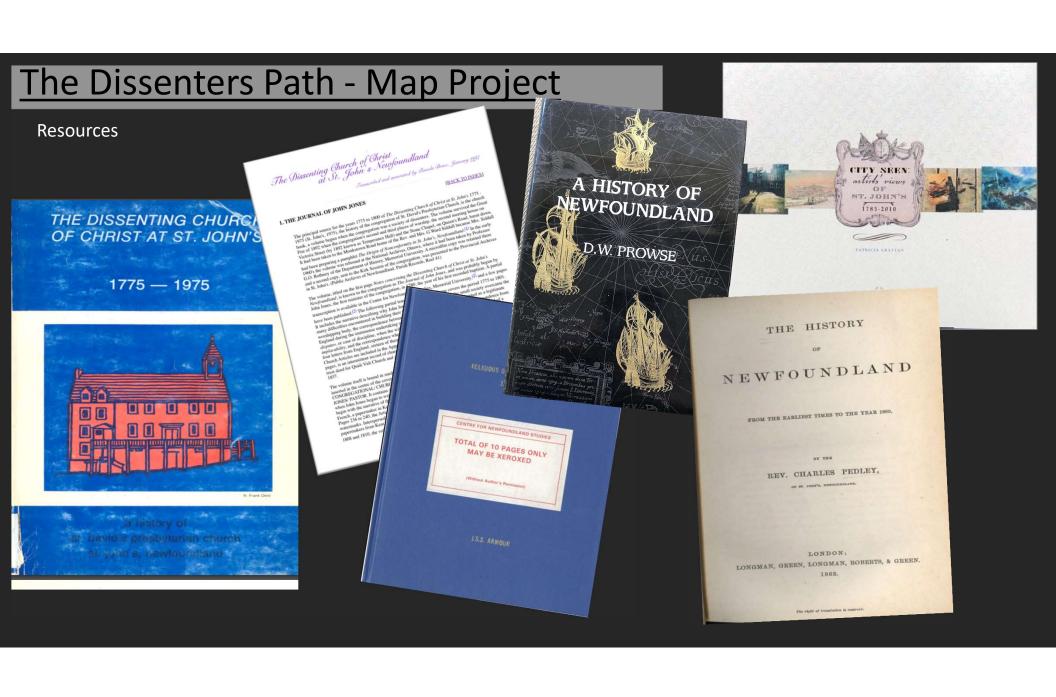
An **online tour** with pictures, and interpretation beginning at the location of origin in 1770s through to the modern church of St David's today in 2025

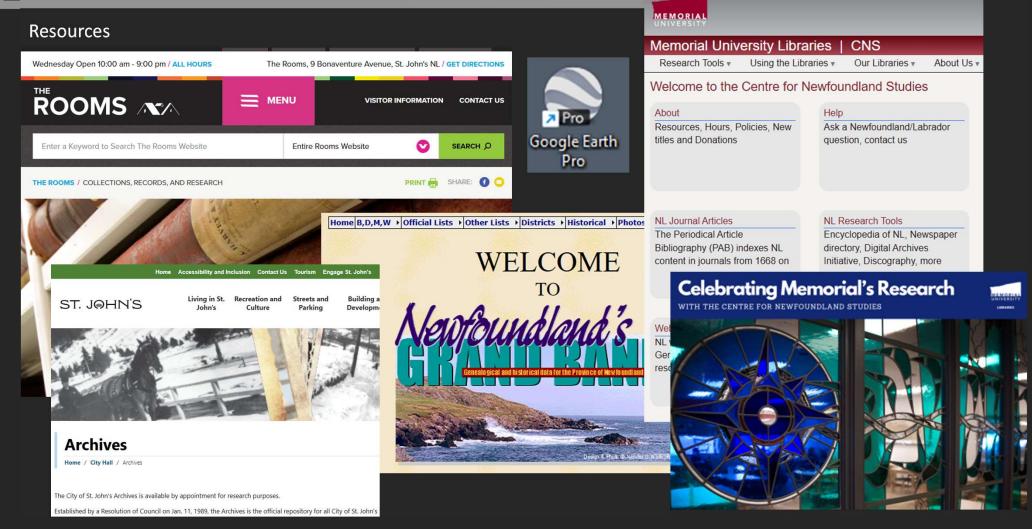
Take a tour in Google Earth

Take a guided tour around the globe with some of the world's leading storytellers, scientists and nonprofits. Explore stories and maps about sustainability, environment and cultural preservation.









Why the word "Dissenter"??

The term "Dissenter" was used in the 17th and early 18th centuries to describe any protestant who did not conform to the Church of England. Dissenting religious societies developed into many denominations including Baptist, Methodist, Presbyterian, Congregational and more. The Congregation of St David's Church began as the first dissenting religious society in the colony in 1775 and adopted the Congregational (Reformed or Calvinist) tradition of Protestant Christianity and governance. In 1938 the Congregation formally joined the Presbyterian Church in Canada.



In 2010, for the 235 anniversary of St David's Church, a 25-minute documentary video chronicling the history of the church was produced. It is freely available on-line on YouTube and is called **The Dissenter's Way**.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r4qcmdxA6ul



The map and legend highlight some of the events and places that shaped the Congregation through its 250-year history. These are encountered in a roughly chronological order when following the indicated direction of travel on the paths. Some license is used to zigzagging avoid and to identify locations which are precisely known Barrens, Private Chambers and First Meeting House. specifically).

Main Path

Close Loop

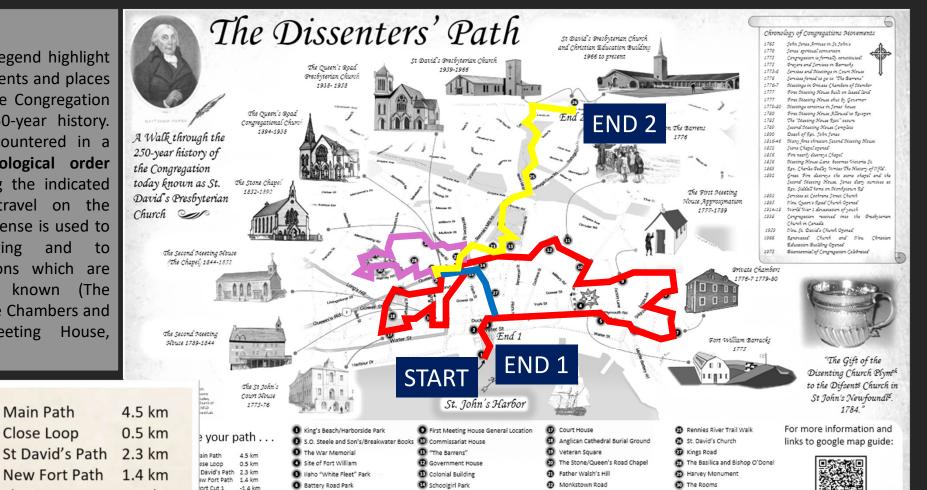
Short Cut 1

Short cut 2

New Fort Path

-1.4 km

-0.5 km



Monuments and Sculptures

Bannerman Park Walk

Fort Townsend Counterscarp

Barnes Road

B Rawlins Cross

The Second Meeting House/LSPU Hall

2 Anderson House Circa 1804

Road to Quidi Vidi

-0.5 km

When and Where did it begin?

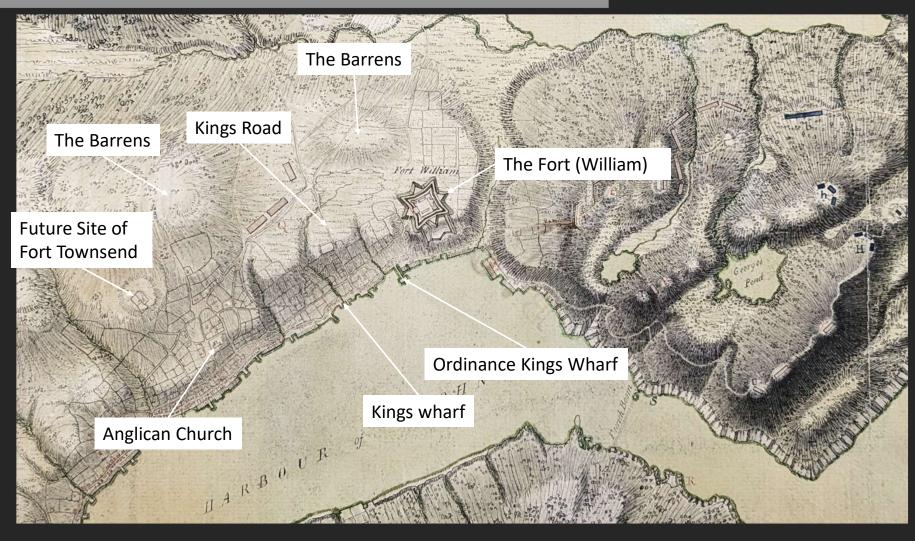
Church Founder, John Jones arrives as a Royal Artillery Soldier in St John's in the year 1765. He was far from being a minister at that time, in fact, he later writes that "He vied with his comrades in various kinds of profligacy" and admits "that the Ox never drank water more greedily than he drank iniquity".



Describing Newfoundland at the time, Jones' friend and historian, Greatheed, said "there was scarcely any part of the world more destitute either of the power or form of Christianity"

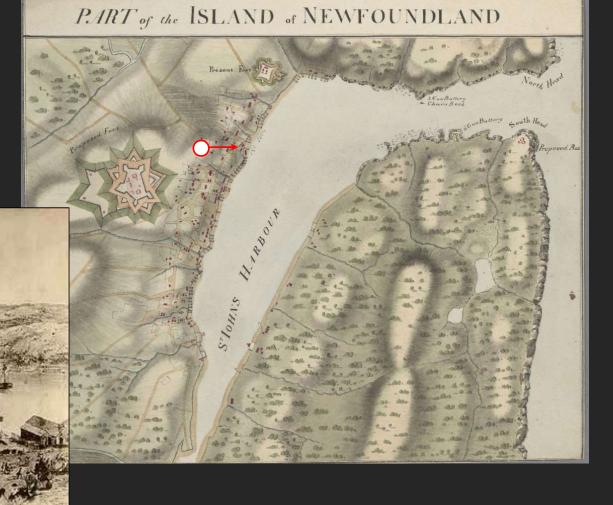
Debbings Map of 1762





And in the 1770's

Around 1770, View towards Kings Wharf and the Narrows



<u>1775 – A transformed Jones begins "Religious Society" in the Barracks</u>

A J. At William

B The Lover Battery of this teen Guns

Some States Burners

Glediers Burners

Glediers Burners

Some States S

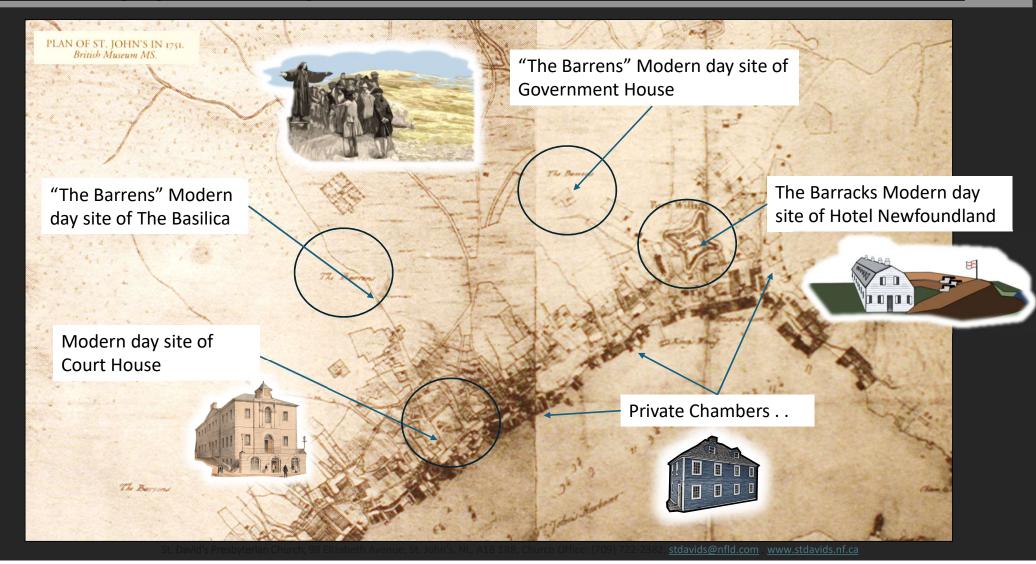
"the Lord was pleased to work upon the mind of the present Gaoler and three Soldiers, one of the Infantry and two of the Artillery, who made six in number." They constituted themselves a religious society, drawing up articles for their own government, and thus our congregation had its beginning. "





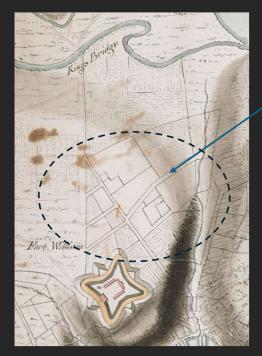
REF1. The Dissenting Church of Christ in St John's 1775-1975

1775-6 Congregation Meetings: Barracks, Court House, Private Chambers and The Barrens!



The First Meeting House 1777-1789

"In the Spring of 1777 the Timber etc. being brought out, the frame of the House was raised and made Tenantable by the Labour of the two Elders and some little help from another man in Twenty Eight days to the admiration of friends and enemies; as soon as it was ready, they entered with joyful hearts that God had done so much for them ... "

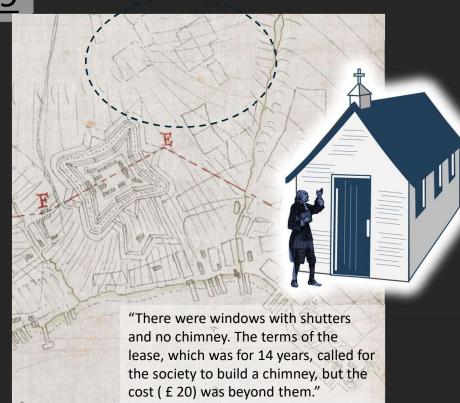


Forest Road Showing Enclosures

But Where exactly?

" in the vicinity of Forest Road. John Lees, the barrack master and early supporter of the cause owned property there, as well as other military men....

Such a site would be "outside the town" and therefore "not detrimental to the Fishery" and would explain the Governor's reluctance to order its demolition..." REF1.

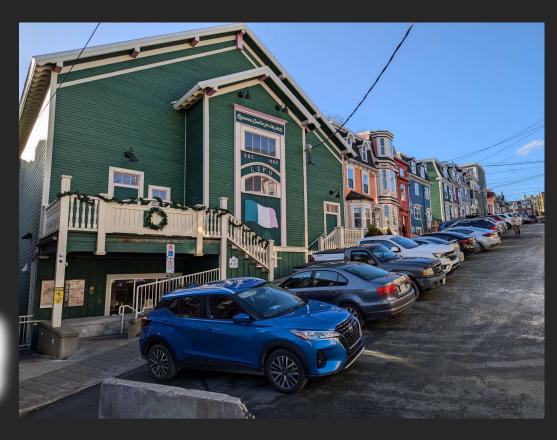


The Second Meeting House – 1789 - 1852

which served as a church and school was hopelessly inadequate."

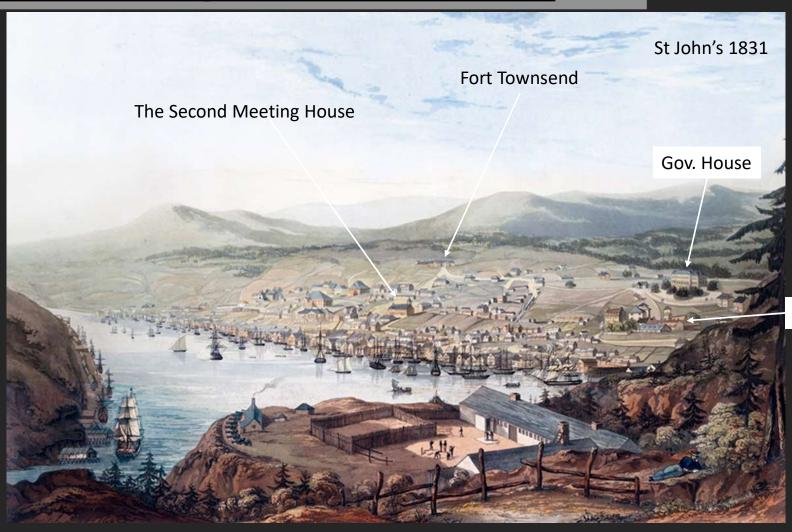
REF1. The Dissenting Church of Christ in St John's 1775-1975

By 1785, the "slight house" (First Meeting House)



After four years of tremendous effort and with the financial aid of friends, elders, and importantly, backers in Plymouth, Poole and other centers of dissent in England, the Second Meeting house was opened. Much is known about it!

The Second Meeting House – 1789 - 1852



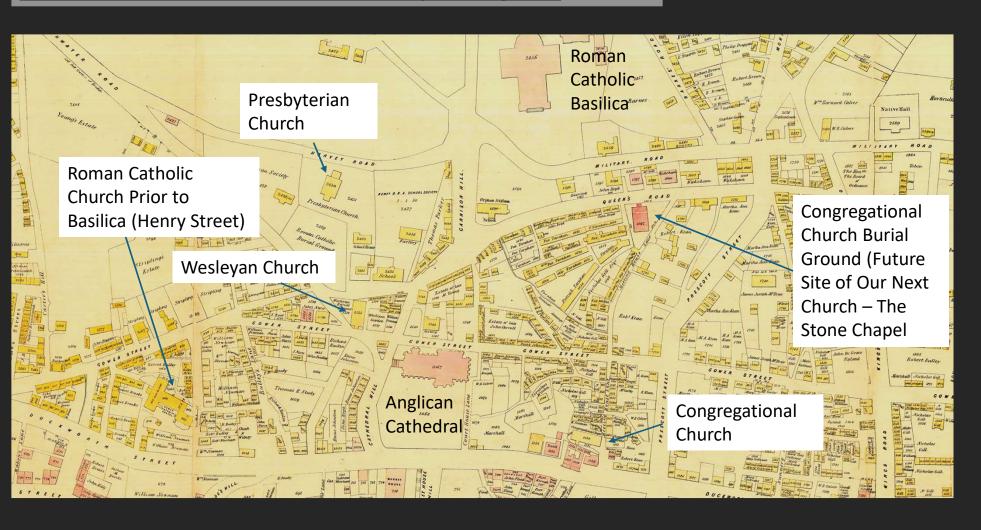
Fort William

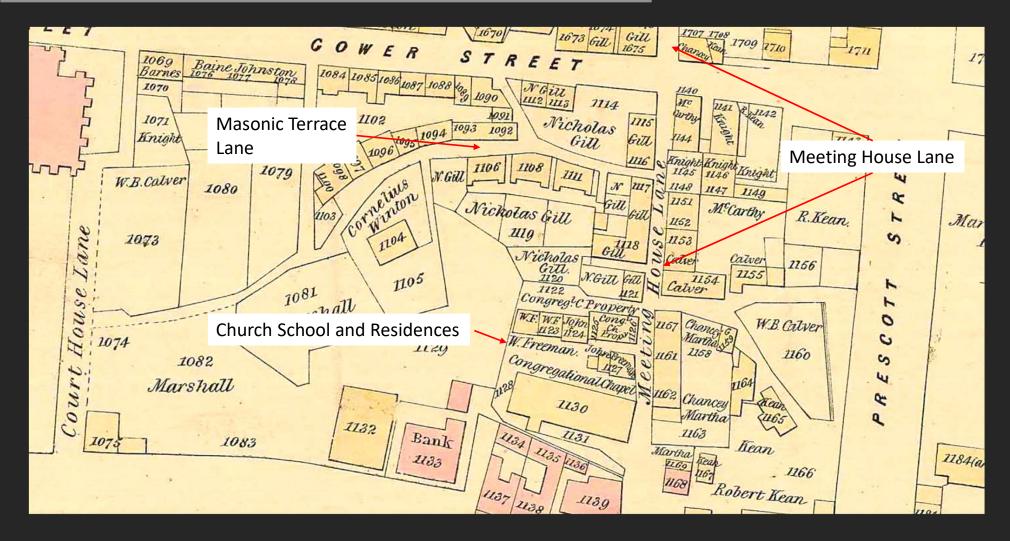
stdavids@nfld.com www.stdavids.nf.c



The Noad Map 1849 -1852



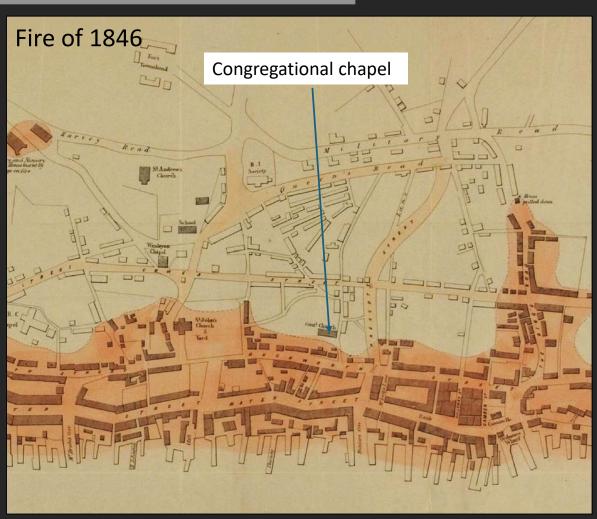




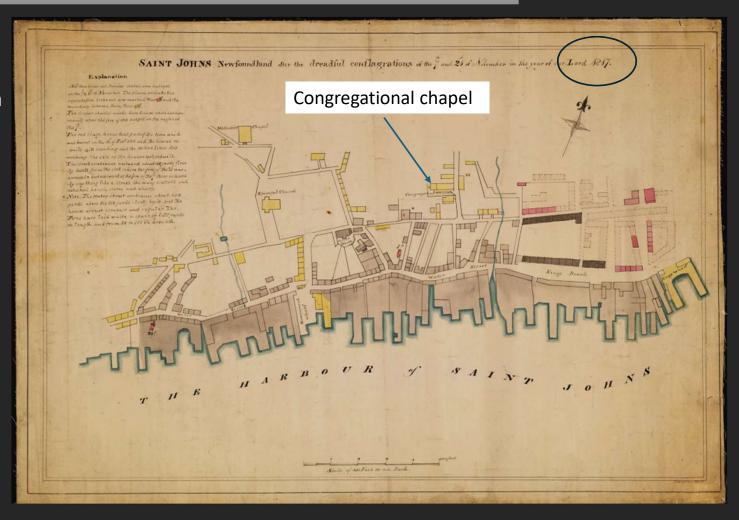
Moving on from the Second Meeting House

"once perhaps admirable (the site of the Second Meeting House), has become always inconvenient, and in unfavourable weather, almost inaccessible" Rev Schofield 1851.

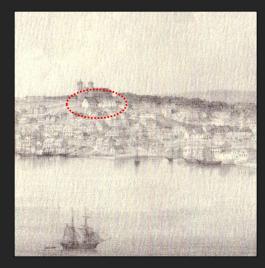
With the opening of the new cemetery at Riverhead, the land on Queen's Road, used as a "Burying Place" by the Congregationalists for more than thirty years became the site for the new chapel. The Ledger reported that the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the new Congregational Chapel was to take place "on the site formerly occupied as a cemetery and belonging to that denominational interest."



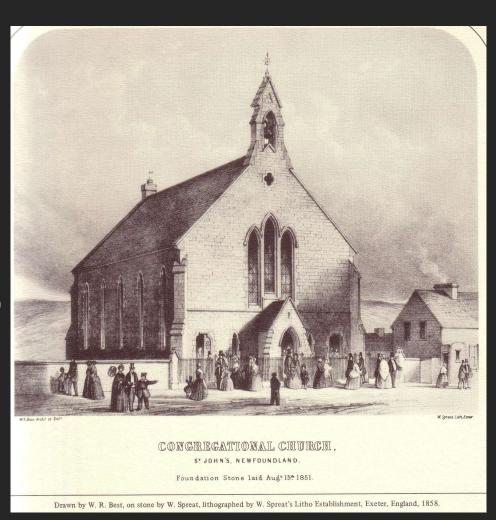
Again in 1847 a very close call!

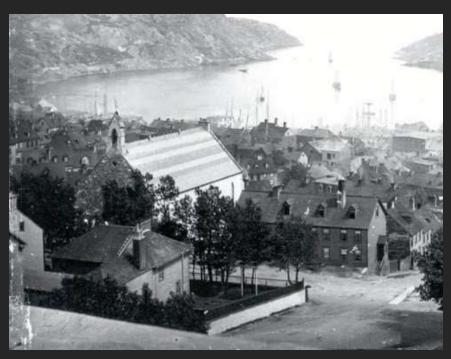


Only two years after being built, the Stone Chapel narrowly escaped burning in the *October 1855 Fire* which devastated the area known as Tarahan's Town - "bounded in the north by the Queen's Road to the Congregational Chapel." The trustees of the Temperance Hall (the new name for the Old Meeting House), the trustees of the Congregational Church and Mrs. Sarah Ward were among those whose property was affected by the subsequent reconstruction of the streets whereby Meeting House Lane disappeared, and Victoria Street was created. REF1. The Dissenting Church of Christ in St John's 1775-1975



Drawn by Best, 1860



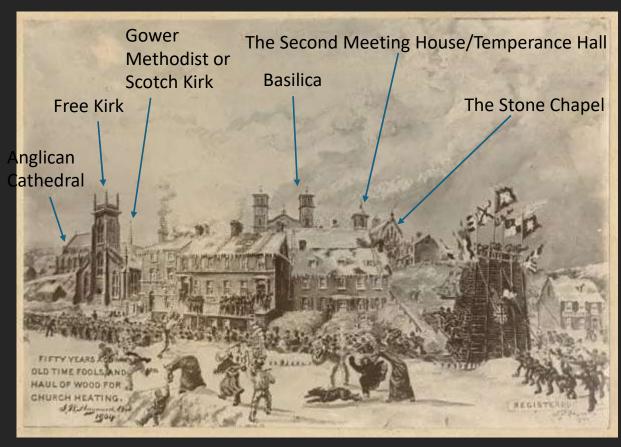


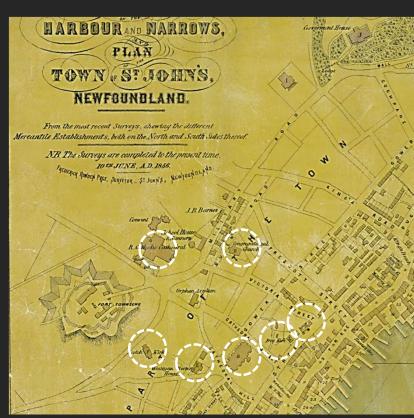
View from the Steeple of the Basilica





View from the Harbour





Post Card Art Constructed from an Interesting Perspective

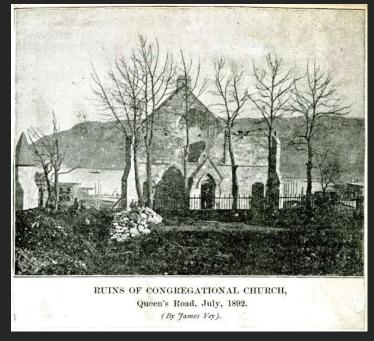
1856

From Prowse's History:

St John's Evening Herald Sept 10 1892:

"All the South Side (of Queen's Road) were in flames, but the stone chapel belonging to the Congregationalists stood intact. It was here that a great want of tact was displayed by those in charge of the fire department. A hose which was engaged in playing on some small wooden buildings further to the eastward, and which could not possibly do any service at the time, should have been employed in wetting the side of the congregational church. Had such been done, this building, the one opposite, and in all probability the houses of Mr Greene and of Maxse Terrace, would have been saved. . ."

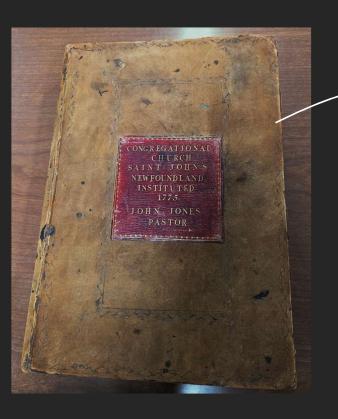


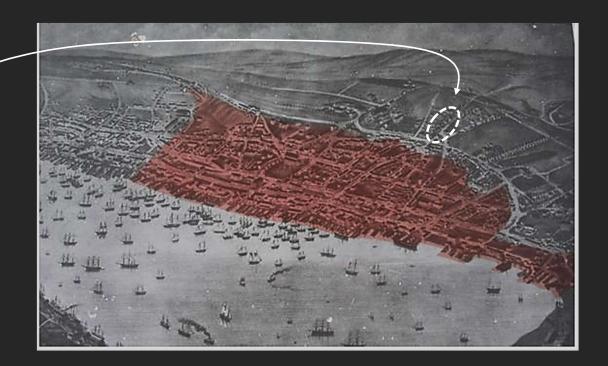


Monkstown Road and the "Journal of John Jones"

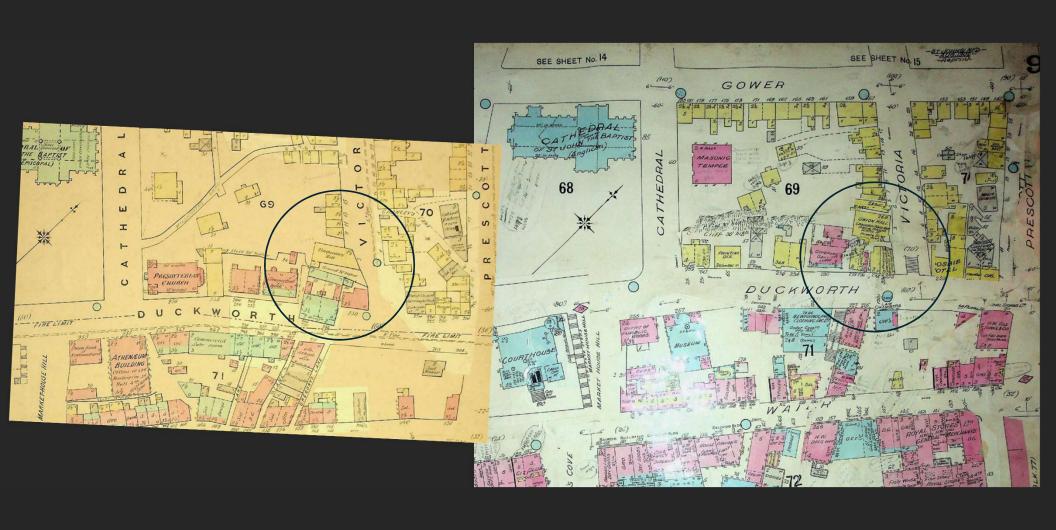
"The (critical historic) volume survived the Great Fire of 1892 when the congregation's second and third places of worship, the second meeting house on Victoria Street (by 1892 known as Temperance Hall) and the Stone Chapel, on Queen's Road, burnt down. It had been taken to the Monkstown Road home of the Rev. and Mrs. G. Ward Siddall because Mrs. Siddall had been preparing a pamphlet The Origin of Nonconformity in St. John's, Newfoundland."

Ref.2 Pam Bruce





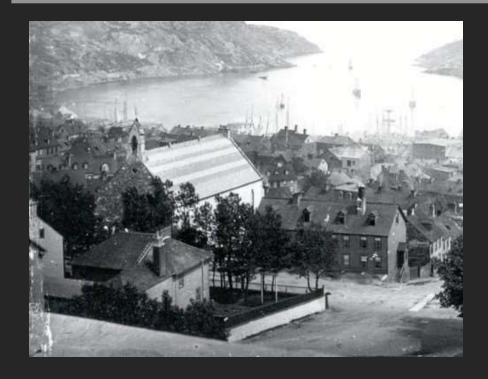
Great Fire: Second Meeting House - LSPU



Great Fire: Queen's Road Chapel

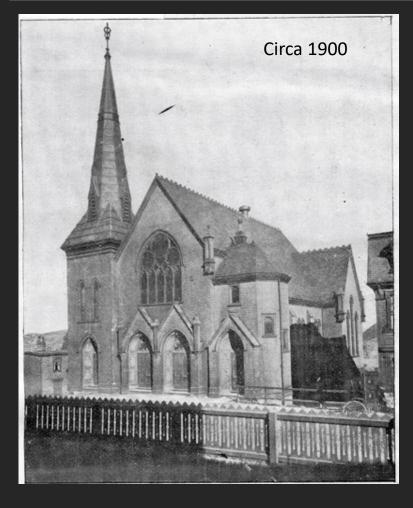


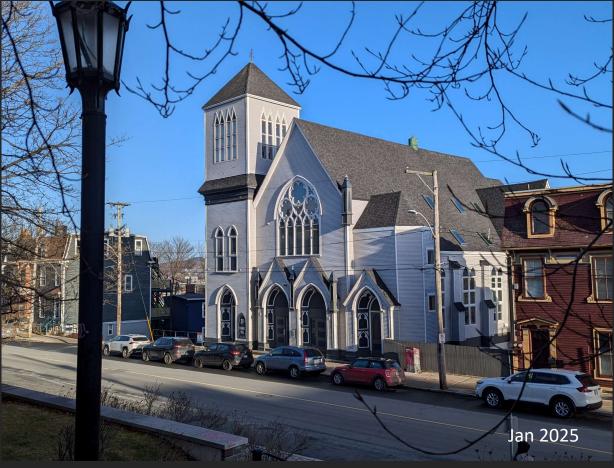
The Queen's Road Chapel



View from the Steeple of the Basilica

The Queens Road Chapel





The Leading Mark into St. John's Harbour!

5. HARBOUR PIL

Marks for Entering the Narrows, 1885.



Starting in the late 1600s, naval vessels assigned to Newfoundland for the fishing season patrolled St. John's Harbour. Crews from these vessels took to longboats to pilot ships having difficulty entering the Narrows, a common occurrence because of prevailing winds and lack of sea room. Beginning in the early 1700s, captains requiring the expertise of a pilot were advised that "the fishermen are trustworthy pilots, and always to be found off the harbour during daytime."

By 1833 the piloting of boats through the Narrows was a growing business. Four accredited piloting crews used whaleboats in their work. Pilot boats vying for work met ships just off Cape Spear in the sheltered area known as "Pilot's Gulch", or approaching ships could signal their need for a pilot to Signal Hill, from where the request would be relayed to the Harbour Master's office.

Old Custo



In 1863, the Lighthouse C atop the Customs House light is on a tower directly steeple of a former Congrassured of a safe line to e



Bold New Move – St David's Presbyterian Church Eliz Ave



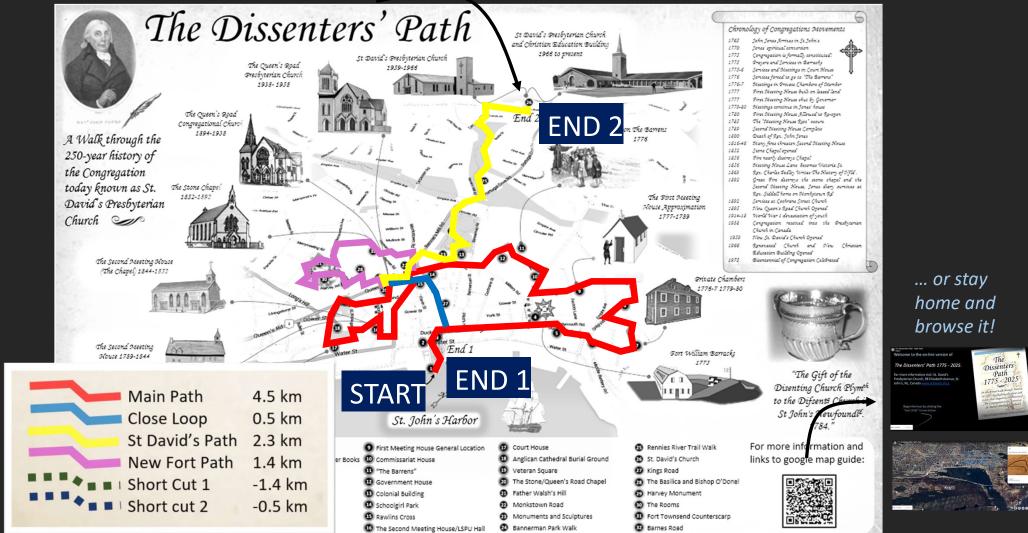
St David's... new church with a long history



Bi-centennial 1975 – Banquets, Barrens and Balloons!



If you've come this far – you might need a second car!







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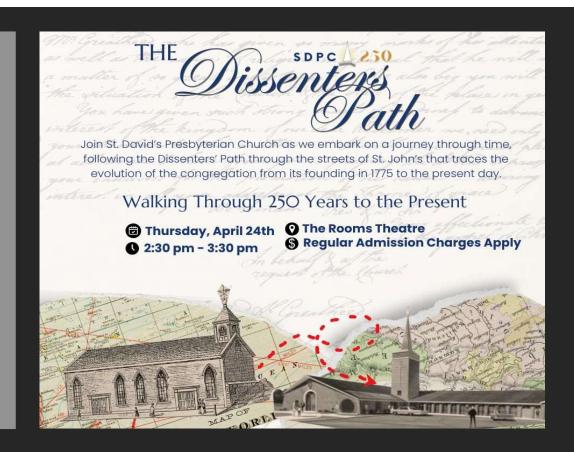
Stephen Bruneau

Part 2 The "Religious Society" 1775-2025

Glenn Barnes and Laura Barnes

Artifacts: Cup, Journal, Model

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THE JONES CUP

ST. DAVID'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

250th Anniversary -2024

The Cup

3. FLUTED PORRINGER

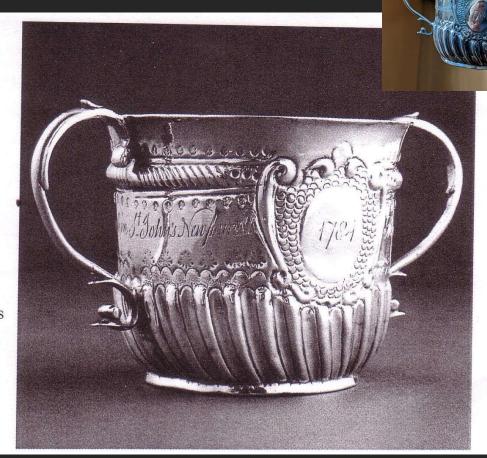
London, 1704, John Gibbons (active c1700-1744)

Diameter (lip) - 10 cm Diameter (base) - 6.5 cm Height - 8 cm

Mark: Gi with star in trefoil escutcheon

Provenance: St. David's Presbyterian Church, St. John's

Gibbons apprenticed to Francis Singleton on 12 November 1691, and was made a freeman on 16 January 1699. He is known to have entered his mark in



<u>Marks</u>





Engraving

"The Gift of the Disenting Church Plymth to the Difsent^g Church in St John's Newfoundl^d. 1784."

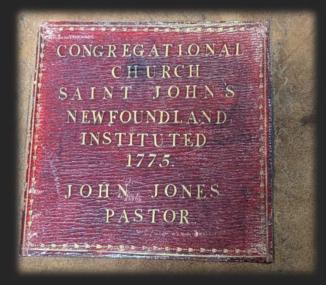








The Book



Various watermarks from the pages in the Journal of John Jones



"The volume, titled on the first page Notes concerning the Dissenting Church of Christ at St. John's Newfoundland, is known to the congregation as The Journal of John Jones, and was probably begun by John Jones, the first minister of the congregation, in 1780, the year of his first recorded baptism."

Ref. Pam Bruce





The Model



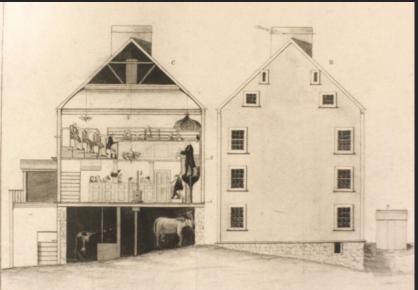


Plate 75 - ST. JOHN'S, CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, 184-

The small body of Christians in Newfoundland now officially designated as Congregational Church is one of the oldest dissenting bodies in the colony; though its numbers have always been very limited it has had considerable influence and has even been distinguished for the learning and ability of its ministers. In 1851 the new stone church on Queen's Road was built; the Rev. George Schofield gave an admirable sermon on the occasion from the very appropriate text, "Let us go hence".

D. W. Prowse, A History of Newfoundland, London, 1896

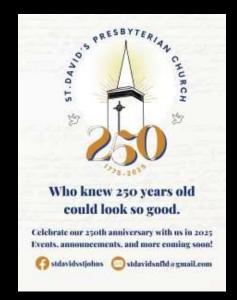


From Wandering Thoughts or Solitary Hours, 1846.

Thank you!

Special thanks to:

- The Rooms!
- Mrs. Pam Bruce
- Rev J.S.S. Armour



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